TRAVEL INSTRUCTIONS
INSTRUCTIONS & HELPFUL TIPS FOR COMPLETING THE HCS EMPLOYEE TRAVEL EXPENSE FORM

GENERAL PROVISIONS

This form is mainly concerned with assisting employees in requesting reimbursement for their expenses. To assist employees with determining allowable travel expenses, and to provide employees with a guide to policies and procedures for travel, the school district has prepared a comprehensive travel procedure guide, available on the District website. The policy highlights the portions of the state travel policy applicable to Hall County Schools and the additional travel procedures beyond the state travel policy that are required by Hall County Schools. The travel procedures guide may be found on the school district’s website:

https://www.halcoo.org/web/accounts-payable-travel/

Questions regarding these instructions, the travel expense statement, or travel policies and procedures may be directed to the finance department, located at the central office.

TRAVEL POLICIES & PROCEDURES

Hall County Schools reimburses travelers for reasonable and necessary expenditures incurred in connection with approved travel on its behalf.

The School District is required to follow the Statewide Travel Policy, as established by the State of Georgia. Hall County Schools also has additional provisions and requirements over travel to safeguard school district resources.

This instruction set is intended to assist school district employees with completing the travel expense statement to receive reimbursement for their travel expenses. While this instruction set does provide a limited view of the most common policies and procedures applicable to travel, all employees are still responsible for understanding and adhering to the State Travel Policy and all Hall County Schools policies and procedures.
HELPFUL TIP
ENSURE THAT YOU SUBMIT YOUR TRAVEL TIMELY
The IRS requires that all travel reimbursements be submitted by the employee within 45 days of the date they made payment for the travel and payment must be made to the employee within 60 days of the date the employee made payment for the travel. Otherwise, the IRS considers the reimbursement taxable.

In order to ensure that you receive payment without being taxed, travel is due to the Finance Department by the 10th of the month after payment was made or the travel occurred. As an example, if you travel in February, ensure that you have submitted your travel form in the first week of March. Your supervisor should then submit the travel to the central office by the 10th of March.

Don’t lose out on your full reimbursement to the IRS by forgetting to submit your form. The typical tax rates for employees that must be taken out by law if travel is over 60 days old are 22% for federal income taxes, 6% for state income taxes, and 7.65% for FICA/Medicare. On a $100 reimbursement, this totals $35.65!

HOW DO I GET REIMBURSED?

EMPLOYEE TRAVEL
Employee travel is conducted on a reimbursement basis in accordance with state policies. As an employee, you will need to travel in an official business capacity for the school district, and then request that the school district reimburse you.

All employees are required to fill out a travel expense statement once they have completed their travel on school district business. The form is then submitted to the individual who handles travel for your department or school. For schools, please submit to your school bookkeeper. For departments, please submit to your immediate supervisor. The latest version of the travel expense statement may be found at the following location:

https://www.hallco.org/web/accounts-payable-travel/

SUPERVISOR APPROVAL
Once you have submitted your form, it is checked by the individual who handles travel at your school or department, and is then approved and signed by your supervisor or principal.

CENTRAL OFFICE
Once approved, the form is sent to the central office, where it is checked for accuracy. The form is checked by the Finance Officer and AP Manager prior to payment. Travel is reimbursed by direct deposit directly to your bank account.
ENTER YOUR BASIC INFORMATION

To begin filling out your expense claim for your travel, you will first need to enter some basic information that will allow us to identify you and enter your claim into the accounting system.

You will need to provide your name, your Hall County Schools employee identification number, primary work location, your title/position, your address, and your license plate number.

If you used more than one vehicle when travelling, please note in the additional explanations that you used more than one vehicle, the license tag of the additional vehicle, and which dates you used which vehicle. An example of how to enter this information into the form is provided in the mileage section.

Budget Number

The budget number identifies which account code this particular travel expense should be charged to. The form provides for up to three account codes to charge the expense to, if using more than one budget code to pay for the travel.

If you are unsure of which budget code to use, check with your supervisor or leave the budget code blank. If you know your budget code(s), please enter it (them) and the portion of the expenses that should be charged to each account code.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

ONLY SUBMIT BUSINESS RELATED EXPENSES

When entering travel on the expense report, be sure to only include travel you made on behalf of Hall County Schools. Hall County Schools will not reimburse travel expenses that are not in relation to official school district business. If mixing personal travel with business travel, be sure to only claim travel related to the business part of your trip.

Example: Many training sessions are at locations outside the county. You may be at a training session at Jekyll Island from Monday through Thursday of a given week and may decide to stay an additional day at Jekyll Island for personal enjoyment. Your mileage and hotel expenses for the additional day would not be eligible for reimbursement by the District, because they are of a personal nature. Only the expenses for Monday through Thursday would be eligible for reimbursement.

STATE REPORTING

Be aware that, as part of the Georgia Open Records Act, your total travel expenses for the year will be uploaded to the State at year end for publication on the Open Georgia transparency website (http://www.open.georgia.gov/). All travel claims are also subject to audit by the Ga. Dept. of Education and the Ga. Dept. of Audits and Accounts annually.
MILEAGE

HOW DO I REPORT MY MILEAGE?

TRACK YOUR ODOMETER READING

When travelling, take note of your odometer reading at the beginning and end of your journey. When filling out the travel expense statement, enter the date of travel, purpose of your travel, your odometer readings, and destinations into the appropriate section of each form. **Be sure to list the starting destination, final destination, and all major stops made in between the beginning and final destination.** The form will automatically calculate your mileage at the appropriate state rate. See the figure in the next page for some common examples.

**Multiple Vehicle Example**

If more than one personal vehicle was used to incur mileage on official school district business, please indicate this on your form as the mileages for the two vehicles will differ.

As an example, Jane Doe’s family owns two vehicles. Jane travels to a conference on June 1st and returns June 4th using one vehicle. One June 5th, she travels to another conference and returns on the 7th. The vehicle tag of the first vehicle is ABC 123 and the tag on the second vehicle is XYZ 789.

On her travel expense statement, Jane would separately report each day she was away in the “Date of Travel” column, so, in the first line, she would report June 1st, and in the 2nd line, she would report June 2nd, and so forth, through June 7th for a total of seven lines. In the “Additional Explanations” section, she would indicate the license plate of each vehicle and which days she used each vehicle. In this instance, she would report in the additional explanations that she used vehicle ABC 123 from June 1st through 4th and used vehicle XYZ 789 from June 5th through 7th.

HELPFUL TIPS

If you frequently have trouble remembering your odometer reading or think you will forget, take a picture of your odometer reading with your phone at the beginning of your trip and at the end. Then you won’t have to worry about remembering it.

If you forgot to take an odometer reading during your trip, use an online map service like Google Maps to determine the mileage you travelled. Use your most recent odometer reading and subtract the distance indicated on the map service to obtain your beginning odometer reading.
BE SURE YOUR DESCRIPTIONS ARE UNDERSTANDABLE

When entering your destination, ensure that someone can reasonably understand where you are going to and coming from. Any description needs to be identifiable by someone who is not familiar with your travel. Abbreviations, such as school abbreviations, may be used in lieu of the full address since these can be easily determined.

Some common examples for entering your mileage are shown in the figure below.

Note that an address is used in the final example below. This is the address of a conference location. Destinations which are not part of the Hall County School System should be listed by their address. “To the Hotel” or “To the conference” does not provide enough information to verify your mileage within the system. Inadequate descriptions could delay the processing of your travel.

HELPFUL TIP

Mount Vernon Elementary, Myers Elementary, Martin Elementary, and McEver Elementary, depending on how you enter the abbreviations for those schools, could have the same abbreviation when entering your mileage. Ensure that you indicate to the reviewer some way to differentiate between those schools you are referring to in your claim.

An example may be seen in the figure below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date of Travel</th>
<th>Depart Time Arrival Time</th>
<th>Starting Point, Destination (List All Stops)</th>
<th>Purpose of Trip</th>
<th>Beg. Odom.</th>
<th>End. Odom.</th>
<th>Mileage (Personal)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Enter the date of travel.</td>
<td>Enter departure time.</td>
<td>Enter your starting point, final destination, and all stops in between here.</td>
<td>Enter the reason or purpose of your trip.</td>
<td>Enter odometer readings here.</td>
<td>Mileage will automatically calculate.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/21/2017</td>
<td>10:00 A.M. 3:00 P.M.</td>
<td>Example: Flowery Branch HS, East Hall Middle, Mt. Vernon ES</td>
<td>Student Visits: School Social Worker</td>
<td>100,000.0</td>
<td>100,032.2</td>
<td>32.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/22/2017</td>
<td>10:00 A.M. 3:00 P.M.</td>
<td>Example: MES, MYES, MVES, MCES</td>
<td>Student Visits: School Social Worker</td>
<td>100,032.2</td>
<td>100,076.1</td>
<td>43.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/23/2017</td>
<td>8:00 A.M. 6:00 P.M.</td>
<td>Example: FBHS =&gt; 1922 Memorial Drive, Waycross, GA 31501 =&gt; return</td>
<td>Annual state social worker conference.</td>
<td>100,076.1</td>
<td>100,642.1</td>
<td>566.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
HOW DO I CLAIM FARES ON MY FORM?

Fares include any school business related transportation expenses outside of mileage with your personal vehicle. Fares include airline tickets, train tickets, taxi fares, ferry tickets, ride-share expenses, such as Uber or Lyft, and even rental car expenses.

Enter fares incurred during your travel into the “Fares” column of the travel expense form corresponding to the day of travel/payment. Ensure that a receipt is attached to your expense statement for any fares paid during the course of travel.

TAXES, UPGRADES, & ADDITIONAL FEES

Certain taxes imposed on airline tickets and fares should be included in your expense claim form. Federal transportation taxes listed on airline tickets, sales or other taxes levied in other states (if travelling out of state), or sales taxes levied by local governments in the State should not be excluded. These items should be included on your expense statement. However, the District does not reimburse for additional fees not part of the basic tickets or fares. Examples include priority boarding fees for airlines. The District will reimburse airline baggage fees for the first checked bag on a flight, but will not reimburse for overweight bag fees or additional bags.

RENTAL VEHICLES

Rental cars should only be required for travel outside of the State of Georgia. Approval from your supervisor is required before a rental car may be used as part of travel. Any rentals made without supervisor approval will be the responsibility of the employee.

If a rental car is required, an economy, standard, or mid-size vehicle must be rented. The District will not reimburse for excessive costs. Vans may be rented if multiple employees are travelling to the same destination and are choosing to carpool. Employees are encouraged to carpool, if possible and practical. If carpooling, the cost of a vehicle rental may be paid by and reimbursed to a single individual or multiple individuals. If the cost is being split between multiple people, indicate only your portion of the expense on your travel form and comment in the additional explanations that you are claiming only your portion of the rental vehicle and note the other individuals you are splitting the cost with. Ensure all participating individuals attach a copy of the receipt with their expense form.

HELPFUL TIP

Often, airline tickets and rental cars are booked in advance to provide cost savings to the District. When booking airline tickets and rental car expenses in advance, if you pay for the cost in advance, request reimbursement at the time you made payment and not when you plan to travel.

Example: You are going to a conference on July 16th, but purchased your airline ticket in March. Submit your travel for the ticket in March to avoid having your travel be over 60 days old.
SUBMITTING LODGING CLAIMS

Lodging expenses include any hotel or motel expenditures incurred when traveling overnight for the District.

Enter lodging expenses in the “Lodging” column and indicate which nights you stayed at the hotel or motel in the “Date of Travel” column. Please report the cost of the hotel stay on a per night basis on your travel expense claim form, so that any instances where individuals stayed extra days for personal pleasure can be separated from those on official school district business. Ensure that a lodging bill or statement is attached to your expense statement.

HOW TO CLAIM LODGING EXPENSES

UNDERSTANDING HOTEL TAX CHARGES

When you are filling out your travel expense statement, you may look at your hotel bill and notice multiple types of charges, particularly various types of taxes. The figure at left illustrates the most common types of taxes you are likely to see on your hotel bill. Be aware that these taxes may be labelled differently on your hotel bill.

Understanding these taxes and what is allowable is the key to determining what to claim on your expense statement for your lodging expense. The figures on the following page illustrate how you should claim the various taxes listed on your hotel bill.

State Hotel/Motel Fee

When reviewing your lodging bill, one tax you will likely notice is the state hotel/motel fee. This fee is a flat rate that is listed on all bills within the State of Georgia. The school district is not exempt from this tax, which means you should include this tax in your expense claim for lodging.
HOW TO CLAIM LODGING EXPENSES

UNDERSTANDING HOTEL TAX CHARGES CONT.

State Sales Taxes
State sales taxes are the standard sales taxes that the State imposes on all sales and transactions within its borders. Depending on the circumstances, you may or may not be able to include these expenses on your expense claim.

Under O.C.G.A. §48-8-3(1), lodging expenses are exempt from the State of Georgia Sales Tax when the payment method being used is a direct bill to Hall County Schools or a Hall County Schools credit card. If your lodging is being paid directly with a Hall County Schools credit card, the transaction is considered to be exempt from the State sales tax. However, it is Hall County Schools procedure that our credit cards are not to be used to pay for employees’ travel expenses. Use of the credit card for payment of lodging prevents the expense from being reported on the State’s transparency site, which violates Georgia’s Open Records Act. However, on very rare occasions, such as student travel, the credit card may be used, as students are not employees of HCS and whose travel is not required to be reported on the State’s transparency website. Prior permission from the Finance Office is required prior to any use of a county check or credit card for any form of travel.

As a result of the fact that HCS credit cards cannot be used to pay for employees’ travel expenses, you will likely use your personal credit card to pay for your lodging expenses at the time of travel. You should, therefore, include the state sales taxes on your expense claim.
LOCAL TAXES

Local taxes consist of the sales, occupancy, and excise taxes levied by local governments on lodging. Under O.C.G.A. 48-13-51(H)(3), state and local government officials, including school district personnel, are exempt from the county or municipal taxes on lodging. These expenses are typically removed from your bill when you present the hotel/motel tax exempt form to the hotel concierge upon check in.

To ensure that you are not charged inappropriately for taxes on your hotel bill, take a copy of the Hotel/Motel Tax Exempt Form and present it to the hotel concierge when you arrive. Ensure that you do not confuse the Hotel/Motel Tax Exempt Form with the ST-5 Sales Tax Exempt Form.

The Hotel/Motel Tax Exempt Form may be found on Hall County Schools’ website:

https://www.hallco.org/web/accounts-payable-travel/

HELPFUL TIP

Often, hotels are booked in advance. When booking in advance, the hotel will not typically charge you for your lodging until you check-in. The hotel may temporarily “flash” your bank account when the reservation is made to ensure that your account has sufficient funds and that your banking information is correct.

However, if you are charged at the time of reservation and not check-in, submit your travel at the time of reservation to avoid the 60 day IRS rule in which your reimbursement becomes taxable.
LODGING

**Hotel Tax Charges Example Scenario**
Jane Doe is a Hall County Schools employee who is travelling to the GAEL summer training conferences at Jekyll Island. Jane returns from the trip and begins completing her travel expense form to request reimbursement for her travel expenses. Jane sees the following expenses on her hotel bill:

- **Lodging:** $100.00
- **State Hotel/Motel Tax:** $5.00
- **County Occupancy Tax:** $3.00
- **State Sales Tax:** $7.00

When Jane checked in at the hotel, she did not take a copy of the hotel/motel tax-exempt form with her, and forgot to present it to the concierge when she checked in. Jane also paid the hotel expenses with her own personal account. The school district did not pay for her hotel in advance.

Jane should claim $112.00 ($100 + $5 + $7) as her lodging expenses on the travel claim form. She forgot to take the hotel/motel form and, as a result, is not eligible to request reimbursement for the county occupancy tax.

If Jane had taken the hotel/motel tax-exempt form, the hotel would have removed the $3.00 local tax from her bill.

If she took the form, and the hotel still refused the form, Jane would claim $115.00 ($100 + $5 + $3 + $7) and she would indicate on her travel expense statement or hotel bill that the hotel refused to take the hotel/motel tax exempt form.

**LODGING EXPENSES THE DISTRICT WILL NOT REIMBURSE**

The school district will not reimburse travel expenditures that it deems to be excessive or an improper use of district funds. The district will not reimburse certain lodging expenditures which include but are not limited to:

- Valet Parking (Unless it is the only option available. If requesting reimbursement for valet parking, indicate on your form that this was the only option available)
- Baggage Handling Services
- Internet Usage Charges (Unless Business Related)
- Alcoholic Beverages
- Expenses related to vacation days taken before, during, or after a trip.
- Clothing or Toiletry Items
- Movies/Pay-Per-View
- Other Costs or Expenses Not Listed Above That the District Deems Excessive or Wasteful

EHHS Basketball in Anchorage, AK
SUBMITTING MEAL EXPENSES

When travelling on behalf of the school district, you may be away long enough that you need to claim one or more meals. Meal expenses should be entered in the corresponding “Breakfast, Lunch, and Dinner” columns on the travel expense claim form.

PER DIEM

The school district, under the state travel policy, is allowed to reimburse meal expenses for each day of overnight travel, up to a state specified maximum limit. Typically, only employees engaged in overnight travel are eligible for per diem. Per diem can only be claimed for meals not provided to you by another source, such as a meal provided by a conference that was part of a registration fee.

Typically, only overnight travelers are eligible to receive per diem. However, if a school district employee travels more than 50 miles from their primary work location and their home, and is away for 12 hours or more, they may claim meal expenses for the entire day, even if they do not stay overnight.

Per diem is subject to a maximum cap by the State of Georgia. Any expenses in excess of the maximum amount set by the State are the responsibility of the employee. When submitting your meal expenses on the form, you should claim either the amount you actually paid, as shown on the receipt, or the maximum per diem rate, whichever is less. Ensure that a receipt is attached to your travel expense claim form for all meal expenditures claimed on the form.

As an example, if Jane Doe travels overnight to Atlanta, and the per diem rate for dinner in Atlanta is $20, and Jane spends $25, then Jane would claim $20 on her travel form under the “Dinner” column, because the maximum allowed rate under state policy is $20. If the rate for dinner in Atlanta were $20, and Jane spent $10 on her meal for the evening, then Jane would claim $10 in the “Dinner” column on her travel expense statement.

Per diem rates for in-state and high cost areas are listed at the bottom of the travel expense statement. For out of state rates, contact the Finance Department at the central office. These maximum rates are set by the State of Georgia each January. High-cost areas are limited to Chatham, Cobb, Dekalb, Fulton, Glynn, and Richmond counties only. If travelling in one of these counties, use the high-cost per diem rate.
MEAL EXPENSES

SUBMITTING MEAL EXPENSES

PROVIDED MEALS
Under state travel regulations, the school district is not allowed to reimburse travelers for meals that are provided to them free of charge.

For example, if Jane Doe is attending a conference, and the conference automatically provides a meal to her or provides a meal without requirement for her to pay for it out of her pocket, she cannot claim reimbursement for that meal. If the meal was included as part of the registration fee, reimbursement for that meal would be included in her reimbursement when she claims the conference registration fee on her travel expense form.

If you have medical or dietary restrictions require that you make alternate arrangements for the provided meal, please indicate on your travel form that dietary restrictions prevent you from taking advantage of the provided meal and claim the expense for reimbursement on your travel expense form.

HELPFUL TIPS
Before you leave for your trip, obtain the travel expense statement and verify the most recent per diem rates. This will allow you to be aware of the maximum per diem rates for which you can be reimbursed during your trip.

If you are travelling out of state, contact the finance office, located at the central office, to determine per diem rates before departing.

Per diem expenses for each meal are defined on a per meal basis by the state travel regulations, so you cannot combine your per diem for the day and spend your per diem on a single meal. For example, you cannot save your daily allowance for breakfast and lunch to combine and spend on dinner.
Incidental expenditures include those expenses that are the miscellaneous expenses incurred during travel on official business. Incidental or other expenses should be entered into the “Other Expenses” column of the travel expense claim form. Ensure that a receipt or bill is included with any other expenses claimed, including conference registration fees.

**WHAT CAN I CLAIM?**

The most common miscellaneous expenses claimed by HCS personnel are:

- Parking fees,
- Conference registration fees
- Airline baggage fees (First bag only)

Conference registration fees should be included in the other expenses column only when paid by the employee and not by the district. Registration fees for online conferences should not be run through travel, but through the regular P.O. or purchasing process.

A full, comprehensive list of allowable miscellaneous expenses for reimbursement may be found in the state travel regulations.

**WHAT AM I NOT ALLOWED TO CLAIM?**

Non-reimbursable expenses include, but are not limited to:

- Airline, car, or card membership dues/fees
- Alcoholic Beverages
- Haircuts/Personal Grooming
- Lost Baggage
- Mini-Bar Charges
- Movies
- Clothing/Toiletry Items
- Travel Upgrade Fees
- Priority Seating Fees
- Airline baggage fees beyond the first checked bag
- Fees for excessive baggage weight
- Laundry costs for trips lasting less than 7 days
- Expenses related to vacation or personal days taken before, after, or during a trip.
- Other Costs or Expenses Not Listed Above That the District Deems Excessive or Wasteful

A full, comprehensive list of non-reimbursable miscellaneous expenses may be found in the state travel regulations and also in the comprehensive travel procedures guide on the school district’s website:

https://www.hallco.org/web/accounts-payable-travel/